

SENATE BILL No. 271

DIGEST OF SB 271 (Updated February 6, 2007 2:41 pm - DI 106)

Citations Affected: IC 23-14; IC 25-15; IC 30-2; IC 36-2.

Synopsis: Next of kin control of bodies in murder cases. Prohibits a person whom a coroner, after consultation with law enforcement, determines is reasonably likely to have committed murder, voluntary manslaughter, or another criminal act resulting in the death of the decedent from making certain determinations concerning the remains of the decedent. Excludes certain criminal acts involving the operation of a motor vehicle. Requires the coroner, in consultation with law enforcement, to notify a cemetery owner, a crematory authority, or a seller of prepaid funeral and burial services that the person is barred from making the determinations concerning the remains of the decedent. Specifies the order of priority among individuals permitted to authorize the interment, entombment, or inurnment of the body or cremated remains of a deceased human. Provides that, when a coroner investigates a death, the coroner may hold the remains of the decedent until the investigation is concluded. Permits the parent or adult child of a decedent to receive a full autopsy report and, with certain exceptions, prohibits the parent or adult child from publicly disclosing the contents of the full autopsy report. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on criminal justice matters.)

Effective: July 1, 2007.

Sipes, Miller, Lanane,Young R Michael, Drozda, Lewis

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.

February 8, 2007, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 271

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 23-14-31-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 26. (a) Except as
provided in subsection (c), the following persons, in the priority listed
have the right to serve as an authorizing agent:

- (1) The individual who was the spouse of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death.
- (2) The decedent's surviving adult children. If more than one (1) adult child is surviving, any adult child who confirms in writing that the other adult children have been notified, unless the crematory authority receives a written objection to the cremation from another adult child.
- (3) The decedent's surviving parent. If the decedent is survived by both parents, either parent may serve as the authorizing agent unless the crematory authority receives a written objection to the cremation from the other parent.
- (4) The individual in the next degree of kinship under IC 29-1-2-1 to inherit the estate of the decedent. If more than one (1)



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1	individual of the same degree is surviving, any person of that	
2	degree may serve as the authorizing agent unless the crematory	
3	authority receives a written objection to the cremation from one	
4	(1) or more persons of the same degree.	
5	(5) In the case of an indigent or other individual whose final	
6	disposition is the responsibility of the state or township, the	
7	following may serve as the authorizing agent:	
8	(A) If none of the persons identified in subdivisions (1)	
9	through (4) of this section are available:	
0	(i) a public administrator, including a responsible township	4
1	trustee or the trustee's designee; or	
2	(ii) the coroner.	`
.3	(B) A state appointed guardian.	
4	However, an indigent decedent may not be cremated if a	
.5	surviving family member objects to the cremation or if cremation	
.6	would be contrary to the religious practices of the deceased	4
.7	individual as expressed by the individual or the individual's	
. 8	family.	
9	(6) In the absence of any person under subdivisions (1) through	
20	(5), any person willing to assume the responsibility as the	
2.1	authorizing agent, as specified in this article.	
22	(b) When a body part of a nondeceased individual is to be cremated,	
23	a representative of the institution that has arranged with the crematory	
24	authority to cremate the body part may serve as the authorizing agent.	
2.5	(c) If:	
26	(1) the death of the decedent appears to have been the result	
27	of:	
28	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);	
29	(B) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3); or	
50	(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from	
1	the operation of a vehicle; and	
32 33	(2) the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines	
54	that there is a reasonable likelihood that a person described	
55	in subsection (a) committed the offense;	
66	the person referred to in subdivision (2) may not serve as the	
57	authorizing agent.	
8	(d) The coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement	
9	agency investigating the death of the decedent, shall inform the	
10	crematory authority of the arrest of the person referred to in	
1	subsection (c)(2).	
12	SECTION 2. IC 23-14-55-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as
2	provided in subsection (d), the owner of a cemetery is authorized to
3	inter, entomb, or inurn the body or cremated remains of a deceased
4	human upon the receipt of a written authorization of an individual who
5	professes either of the following:
6	(1) To be (in the priority listed) the following:
7	(A) surviving spouse; or
8	(B) surviving child, parent, or next of kin;
9	of the decedent, or
10	(A) The individual who was the spouse of the decedent at
11	the time of the decedent's death.
12	(B) The decedent's surviving adult child. If more than one
13	(1) adult child is surviving, any adult child who confirms in
14	writing that the other adult children have been notified,
15	unless the owner of the cemetery receives a written
16	objection to the disposition from another adult child.
17	(C) The decedent's surviving parent. If the decedent is
18	survived by both parents, either parent may serve as the
19	authorizing agent unless the cemetery owner receives a
20	written objection to the disposition from the other parent.
21	(D) The individual in the next degree of kinship under
22	IC 29-1-2-1 to inherit the estate of the decedent. If more
23	than one (1) individual of the same degree of kinship is
24	surviving, any person of that degree may serve as the
25	authorizing agent unless the cemetery owner receives a
26	written objection to the disposition from one (1) or more
27	persons of the same degree of kinship.
28	(2) To have acquired the right to control the disposition of the
29	deceased human body or cremated remains.
30	but The owner of a cemetery may accept the authorization of an
31	individual only if all other individuals of the same priority or a higher
32	priority (according to the priority listing in this subsection) are
33	deceased, are barred from authorizing the disposition of the
34	deceased human body or cremated remains under subsection (d),
35	or are physically or mentally incapacitated from exercising the
36	authorization, and the incapacity is certified to by a qualified medical
37	doctor.
38	(b) A cemetery owner is not liable in any action for making an
39	interment, entombment, or inurnment under a written authorization
40	described in subsection (a) unless the cemetery owner had actual notice

that the representation made under subsection (a) by the individual who



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issued the written authorization was untrue.

1	(c) An action may not be brought against the owner of a cemetery
2	relating to the remains of a human that have been left in the possession
3	of the cemetery owner without permanent interment, entombment, or
4	inurnment for a period of three (3) years, unless the cemetery owner
5	has entered into a written contract for the care of the remains.
6	(d) If:
7	(1) the death of the decedent appears to have been the result
8	of:
9	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
0	(B) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3); or
1	(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from
2	the operation of a vehicle; and
3	(2) the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement
4	agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines
5	that there is a reasonable likelihood that a person described
6	in subsection (a) committed the offense;
7	the person referred to in subdivision (2) may not authorize the
8	disposition of the decedent's body or cremated remains.
9	(e) The coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement
0	agency investigating the death of the decedent, shall inform the
1	cemetery owner of the arrest of a person referred to in subsection
2	(d)(2).
3	SECTION 3. IC 25-15-9-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as
2.5	provided in subsection (b), the following persons, in the order of
.6	priority indicated, have the authority to designate the manner, type, and
27	selection of the final disposition and interment of human remains:
8	(1) The decedent's surviving individual who was the spouse of
.9	the decedent at the time of the decedent's death.
0	(2) The decedent's surviving adult child. or children. However, if
1	the children cannot agree on the manner of final disposition, the
2	personal representative of the decedent's estate. If more than one
3	(1) adult child is surviving, any adult child who confirms in
4	writing that the other adult children have been notified, unless
5	the licensed funeral director or licensed funeral home receives
6	a written objection from another adult child.
7	(3) The decedent's surviving parents. parent. If the decedent is
8	survived by both parents, either parent has the authority
9	unless the licensed funeral director or licensed funeral home
0	receives a written objection from the other parent.
1	(4) The personal representative of the decedent's estate.
2	(4) The individual in the next degree of kinship under



1	IC 29-1-2-1 to inherit the estate of the decedent. If more than
2	one (1) individual of the same degree survives, any person of
3	that degree has the authority unless the licensed funeral
4	director or licensed funeral home receives a written objection
5	from one (1) or more persons of the same degree.
6	(5) In the case of an indigent or other individual whose final
7	disposition is the responsibility of the state or township, the
8	following may serve as the authorizing agent:
9	(A) If none of the persons identified in subdivisions (1)
10	through (4) is available:
11	(i) a public administrator, including a responsible
12	township trustee or the trustee's designee; or
13	(ii) the coroner.
14	(B) A state appointed guardian.
15	(b) If:
16	(1) the death of the decedent appears to have been the result
17	of:
18	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
19	(B) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3); or
20	(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from
21	the operation of a vehicle; and
22	(2) the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement
23	agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines
24	that there is a reasonable likelihood that a person described
25	in subsection (a) committed the offense;
26	the person referred to in subdivision (2) may not authorize or
27	designate the manner, type, or selection of the final disposition and
28	internment of human remains.
29	(c) The coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement
30	agency investigating the death of the decedent, shall inform the
31	crematory authority of the arrest of the person referred to in
32	subsection (b)(2).
33	SECTION 4. IC 30-2-13-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 23. (a) A contract is
35	invalid if the contract allows the purchaser the right to:
36	(1) convert, substitute, or exchange the purchase of burial rights
37	for the purchase of services or merchandise;
38	(2) free services or merchandise in exchange for the purchase of
39	other services or merchandise; or
40	(3) receive cash or gifts, other than burial rights and services and
41	merchandise, with a value of more than fifty dollars (\$50) as an



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inducement to purchase a contract.

1	(b) A contract is unenforceable if:
2	(1) the contract obligates the seller to provide prepaid services
3	or merchandise for a named individual in conjunction with
4	the death, burial, or final disposition of the individual;
5	(2) the purchaser under the contract is described in section
6	9(b)(4) of this chapter;
7	(3) the death of the named individual appears to have been the
8	result of:
9	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
10	(B) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3); or
11	(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from
12	the operation of a vehicle; and
13	(4) the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement
14	agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines
15	that there is a reasonable likelihood that the purchaser
16	referred to in subdivision (2) committed the offense.
17	The coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency
18	investigating the death of the decedent, shall inform the seller of
19	the arrest of the purchaser described in subdivision (4).
20	SECTION 5. IC 36-2-14-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. (a) Whenever the
22	coroner is notified that a person in the county:
23	(1) has died from violence;
24	(2) has died by casualty;
25	(3) has died when apparently in good health;
26	(4) has died in an apparently suspicious, unusual, or unnatural
27	manner; or
28	(5) has been found dead;
29	he the coroner shall, before the scene of the death is disturbed, notify
30	a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in that area. The agency
31	shall assist the coroner in conducting an investigation of how the
32	person died and a medical investigation of the cause of death. The
33	coroner may hold the remains of the decedent until the
34	investigation of how the person died and the medical investigation
35	of the cause of death are concluded.
36	(b) The coroner shall file with the person in charge of interment a
37	coroner's certificate of death within seventy-two (72) hours after being
38	notified of the death. If the cause of death is not established with
39	reasonable certainty within seventy-two (72) hours, the coroner shall
40	file with the person in charge of interment a coroner's certificate of

death, with the cause of death designated as "deferred pending further

action". As soon as he the coroner determines the cause of death, the



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1	coroner shall file a supplemental report indicating his the exact	
2	findings with the local health officer having jurisdiction, who shall	
3	make it part of his the official records.	
4	(c) If this section applies, the body and the scene of death may not	
5	be disturbed until the coroner has photographed them in the manner	
6	that most fully discloses how the person died. However, a coroner or	
7	law enforcement officer may order a body to be moved before	
8	photographs are taken if the position or location of the body unduly	
9	interferes with activities carried on where the body is found, but the	4
10	body may not be moved from the immediate area and must be moved	4
11	without substantially destroying or altering the evidence present.	
12	(d) When acting under this section, if the coroner considers it	
13	necessary to have an autopsy performed, is required to perform an	
14	autopsy under subsection (f), or is requested by the prosecuting	
15	attorney of the county to perform an autopsy, the coroner shall employ	
16	a physician:	4
17	(1) certified by the American board of pathology; or	
18	(2) holding an unlimited license to practice medicine in Indiana	
19	and acting under the direction of a physician certified by the	
20	American board of pathology;	
21	to perform the autopsy. The physician performing the autopsy shall be	
22	paid a fee of at least fifty dollars (\$50) from the county treasury. A	
23	coroner may employ the services of the medical examiner system,	
24	provided for in IC 4-23-6-6, when an autopsy is required, as long as	
25	this subsection is met.	
26	(e) If:	
27	(1) at the request of:	
28	(A) the decedent's spouse;	\
29	(B) a child of the decedent, if the decedent does not have a	
30	spouse;	
31	(C) a parent of the decedent, if the decedent does not have a	
32	spouse or children;	
33	(D) a brother or sister of the decedent, if the decedent does not	
34	have a spouse, children, or parents; or	
35	(E) a grandparent of the decedent, if the decedent does not	
36	have a spouse, children, parents, brothers, or sisters;	
37	(2) in any death, where two (2) or more witnesses who	
38	corroborate the circumstances surrounding death are present; and	
39	(3) two (2) physicians who are licensed to practice medicine in	
40	the state and who have made separate examinations of the	

decedent certify the same cause of death in an affidavit within



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twenty-four (24) hours after death;

1	an autopsy need not be performed. The affidavits shall be filed with the
2	circuit court clerk.
3	(f) A county coroner may not certify the cause of death in the case
4	of the sudden and unexpected death of a child who is at least one (1)
5	week old and not more than three (3) years old unless an autopsy is
6	performed at county expense. However, a coroner may certify the cause
7	of death of a child described in this subsection without the performance
8	of an autopsy if subsection (e) applies to the death of the child.
9	(g) After consultation with the law enforcement agency
10	investigating the death of a decedent, the coroner shall do the
11	following:
12	(1) Inform a crematory authority if a person is barred under
13	IC 23-14-31-26(c) from serving as the authorizing agent with
14	respect to the cremation of the decedent's body because the
15	person has been arrested for a crime set forth in
16	IC 23-14-31-26(c)(1) in connection with the death of the
17	decedent.
18	(2) Inform a cemetery owner if a person is barred under
19	IC 23-14-55-2(d) from authorizing the disposition of the body
20	or cremated remains of the decedent because the person has
21	been arrested for a crime set forth in IC 23-14-55-2(d)(1) in
22	connection with the death of the decedent.
23	(3) Inform a seller of prepaid services or merchandise if a
24	person's contract is unenforceable under IC 30-2-13-23(b)
25	because the person has been arrested for a crime set forth in
26	IC 23-14-55-2(b)(3) in connection with the death of the
27	decedent.
28	SECTION 6. IC 36-2-14-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2006,
29	SECTION 113, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) Notwithstanding
31	IC 5-14-3-4(b)(1), when a coroner investigates a death, the office of the
32	coroner is required to make available for public inspection and copying
33	the following:
34	(1) The name, age, address, sex, and race of the deceased.
35	(2) The address where the dead body was found, or if there is no
36	address the location where the dead body was found and, if
37	different, the address where the death occurred, or if there is no

address the location where the death occurred.

the name of the person reporting the death.

(3) The name of the agency to which the death was reported and

(4) The name of any public official or governmental employee

present at the scene of the death and the name of the person



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1	certifying or pronouncing the death.
2	(5) Information regarding an autopsy (requested or performed)
3	limited to the date, the person who performed the autopsy, where
4	the autopsy was performed, and a conclusion as to:
5	(A) the probable cause of death;
6	(B) the probable manner of death; and
7	(C) the probable mechanism of death.
8	(6) The location to which the body was removed, the person
9	determining the location to which the body was removed, and the
10	authority under which the decision to remove the body was made.
11	(7) The records required to be filed by a coroner under section 6
12	of this chapter and the verdict and the written report required
13	under section 10 of this chapter.
14	(b) A county coroner or a coroner's deputy who receives an
15	investigatory record from a law enforcement agency shall treat the
16	investigatory record with the same confidentiality as the law
17	enforcement agency would treat the investigatory record.
18	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a coroner
19	shall make available a full copy of an autopsy report, other than a
20	photograph, video recording, or audio recording of the autopsy, upon
21	the written request of the a parent of the decedent, an adult child of
22	the decedent, a next of kin of the decedent, or of an insurance
23	company investigating a claim arising from the death of the individual
24	upon whom the autopsy was performed. The A parent of the
25	decedent, an adult child of the decedent, a next of kin of the
26	decedent, and an insurance company is are prohibited from publicly
27	disclosing any information contained in the report beyond that
28	information that may otherwise be disclosed by a coroner under this
29	section. This prohibition does not apply to information disclosed in
30	communications in conjunction with the investigation, settlement, or
31	payment of the claim.
32	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a coroner
33	shall make available a full copy of an autopsy report, other than a
34	photograph, video recording, or audio recording of the autopsy, upon
35	the written request of:
36	(1) the director of the division of disability and rehabilitative
37	services established by IC 12-9-1-1;
38	(2) the director of the division of mental health and addiction
39	established by IC 12-21-1-1; or
40	(3) the director of the division of aging established by
41	IC 12-9.1-1-1;
42	in connection with a division's review of the circumstances surrounding



- 1 the death of an individual who received services from a division or
- 2 through a division at the time of the individual's death.

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SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Miller be added as second author of Senate Bill 271.

SIPES

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senators Young R Michael and Drozda be added as coauthors of Senate Bill 271.

SIPES

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Lanane be added as third author of Senate Bill 271.

SIPES

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Lewis be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 271.

SIPES

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 271, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 29, delete "causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2);".

Page 2, line 30, delete "(C)".

Page 2, run in lines 29 through 30.

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Page 2, line 30, after "(IC 35-42-1-3);" insert "or

(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from the operation of a vehicle; and".

Page 2, delete lines 31 through 35.

Page 2, line 36, after "(2)" insert "the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that".

Page 2, line 36, delete "has been arrested in" and insert "committed the offense:".

Page 2, delete line 37.

Page 4, line 12, delete "causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2);".

Page 4, line 13, delete "(C)".

Page 4, run in lines 12 through 13.

Page 4, line 13, after "(IC 35-42-1-3);" insert "or

(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from the operation of a vehicle; and".

Page 4, delete lines 14 through 18.

Page 4, line 19, after "(2)" insert "the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that".

Page 4, line 19, delete "has been arrested in" and insert "committed the offense;".

Page 4, delete line 20.

Page 4, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 3. IC 25-15-9-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the following persons, in the order of priority indicated, have the authority to designate the manner, type, and selection of the final disposition and interment of human remains:

- (1) The decedent's surviving individual who was the spouse of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death.
- (2) The decedent's surviving adult child. or children. However, if the children cannot agree on the manner of final disposition, the personal representative of the decedent's estate. If more than one
- (1) adult child is surviving, any adult child who confirms in writing that the other adult children have been notified, unless the licensed funeral director or licensed funeral home receives a written objection from another adult child.
- (3) The decedent's surviving parents. parent. If the decedent is survived by both parents, either parent has the authority unless the licensed funeral director or licensed funeral home receives a written objection from the other parent.

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- (4) The personal representative of the decedent's estate.
- (4) The individual in the next degree of kinship under IC 29-1-2-1 to inherit the estate of the decedent. If more than one (1) individual of the same degree survives, any person of that degree has the authority unless the licensed funeral director or licensed funeral home receives a written objection from one (1) or more persons of the same degree.
- (5) In the case of an indigent or other individual whose final disposition is the responsibility of the state or township, the following may serve as the authorizing agent:
 - (A) If none of the persons identified in subdivisions (1) through (4) is available:
 - (i) a public administrator, including a responsible township trustee or the trustee's designee; or
 - (ii) the coroner.
 - (B) A state appointed guardian.
- (b) If:
 - (1) the death of the decedent appears to have been the result of:
 - (A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
 - (B) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3); or
 - (C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from the operation of a vehicle; and
 - (2) the coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that a person described in subsection (a) committed the offense;

the person referred to in subdivision (2) may not authorize or designate the manner, type, or selection of the final disposition and internment of human remains.

(c) The coroner, in consultation with the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, shall inform the crematory authority of the arrest of the person referred to in subsection (b)(2)."

Page 5, line 4, delete "causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2);".

Page 5, line 5, delete "(C)".

Page 5, run in lines 4 through 5.

Page 5, line 5, after "(IC 35-42-1-3);" insert "or

(C) another criminal act, if the death does not result from the operation of a vehicle; and".

Page 5, delete lines 6 through 10.

Page 5, line 11, after "(4)" insert "the coroner, in consultation with



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the law enforcement agency investigating the death of the decedent, determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that".

Page 5, line 11, delete "has been" and insert "committed the offense.".

Page 5, delete line 12.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 271 as introduced.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.







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